WAINUIORU SCHOOL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

School Directory

Ministry Number:	3060
Principal:	Morgan Bunny
School Address:	50 Masterton Stronvar Road, Wainuioru
School Postal Address:	Masterton Stronvar Road RD 10, Masterton, 5890
School Phone:	06 372 2861
School Email:	office@wainuioru.school.nz
Accountant / Service Provider:	Education Services. Dedicated to your school

WAINUIORU SCHOOL

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2024

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Wainuioru School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2024 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Nathan Williams
Full Name of Presiding Member

Morgan Bunny
Full Name of Principal

Signature of Presiding Member

Signature of Principal

19/9/25
Date:

19/9/2025
Date:

Wainuioru School

Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	1,055,966	348,000	946,429
Locally Raised Funds	3	133,725	59,581	127,029
Interest		21,686	11,800	15,276
Total Revenue		1,211,377	419,381	1,088,734
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	23,730	7,600	23,868
Learning Resources	4	702,689	102,659	616,238
Administration	5	90,314	112,932	99,823
Interest		759	1	459
Property	6	219,999	91,049	174,984
Other Expenses	7	90,648	86,478	82,342
Total Expense		1,128,139	400,719	997,714
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		83,238	18,662	91,020
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		83,238	18,662	91,020

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

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Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Equity at 1 January		689,002	396,569	590,689
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		83,238	18,662	91,020
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	7,293
Equity at 31 December		772,240	415,231	689,002
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		772,240	415,231	689,002
Equity at 31 December		772,240	415,231	689,002

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

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Wainuioru School

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	479,651	208,402	471,091
Accounts Receivable	9	54,200	95,545	43,610
GST Receivable		4,940	8,621	-
Prepayments		3,943	11,080	6,042
Inventories	10	2,513	-	3,574
Investments	11	101,517	-	13,555
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	17	1,278	-	6,225
		648,042	323,648	544,097
Current Liabilities				
GST Payable		-	-	4,363
Accounts Payable	13	63,504	122,149	69,174
Revenue Received in Advance	14	3,893	23,699	8,259
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	-	5,538	-
Finance Lease Liability	16	3,600	7,479	2,649
		70,997	158,865	84,445
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		577,045	164,783	459,652
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	249,007	334,571	269,241
		249,007	334,571	269,241
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	45,399	75,482	32,750
Finance Lease Liability	16	8,413	8,641	7,141
		53,812	84,123	39,891
Net Assets		772,240	415,231	689,002
Equity		772,240	415,231	689,002

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

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Wainuioru School

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Note	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		382,814	348,000	327,365
Locally Raised Funds		125,196	73,000	128,479
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(9,303)	-	6,832
Payments to Employees		(197,862)	(180,000)	(169,030)
Payments to Suppliers		(210,425)	(205,000)	(151,978)
Interest Paid		(759)	(1)	(459)
Interest Received		23,302	-	13,680
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		112,963	35,999	154,889
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(18,948)	(50,000)	(3,011)
Purchase of Investments		(87,962)	-	(589)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(106,910)	(50,000)	(3,600)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	7,293
Finance Lease Payments		(2,440)	-	(2,787)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		4,947	(55,000)	50,371
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		2,507	(55,000)	54,877
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		8,560	(69,001)	206,166
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	471,091	277,403	264,925
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	479,651	208,402	471,091

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

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Wainuioru School
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity
Wainuioru School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a School as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation
Reporting Period
The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation
The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied
The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements with reference to generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared with reference to generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The School is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime
The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the School is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of $33 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base
The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency
These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies
The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions
The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance
The School recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the School buildings. The estimate is based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the School and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the School's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 15.

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Useful lives of property, plant and equipment
The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 12.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies
Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases
Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the School. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 16. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 22b.

Recognition of grants
The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants
The School receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist
Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

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Donations, Gifts and Bequests
Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue
Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments
Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments
Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable
Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The School's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories
Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of Stationery and Uniform. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments
Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment
Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the Board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases
A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the School will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation
Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Board-owned Buildings	50-60 years
Building Improvements	50 years
Furniture and Equipment	4-10 years
Information and Communication Technology	5 years
Motor Vehicles	10 years
Textbooks	3 years
Library Resources	12.5% Diminishing value
Leased Assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease

k) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment
The School does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets
Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

l) Accounts Payable
Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

m) Employee Entitlements
Short-term employee entitlements
Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements
Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

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n) Revenue Received in Advance
Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

o) Funds held for Capital works
The School directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such, these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

p) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance
The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the school, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

q) Financial Instruments
The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

s) Goods and Services Tax (GST)
The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

t) Budget Figures
The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

u) Services received in-kind
From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	255,542	224,800	209,029
Teachers' Salaries Grants	536,373	-	488,869
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	137,403	-	127,023
Bus Grants	126,648	123,200	121,508
	1,055,966	348,000	946,429

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Revenue			
Donations and Bequests	68,677	26,600	62,555
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	33,730	15,300	23,830
Trading	3,317	1,200	2,115
Fundraising and Community Grants	16,301	4,781	26,829
Other Revenue	11,700	11,700	11,700
	133,725	59,581	127,029
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	1,542	-	5,762
Trading	4,200	5,100	1,315
Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	7,159	-	12,708
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	10,829	2,500	4,083
	23,730	7,600	23,868
Surplus for the year Locally Raised Funds	109,995	51,981	103,161

4. Learning Resources

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Curricular	39,247	31,802	31,371
Employee Benefits - Salaries	610,975	62,100	540,120
Staff Development	6,453	8,550	8,397
Depreciation	44,408	-	36,143
Other Learning Resources	1,606	207	207
	702,689	102,659	616,238

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5. Administration

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Audit Fees	(125)	13,000	6,007
Board Fees and Expenses	12,959	6,000	4,957
Operating Leases	2,095	-	802
Other Administration Expenses	18,759	19,932	23,936
Employee Benefits - Salaries	53,338	56,600	53,215
Insurance	1,504	12,600	7,610
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	1,784	4,800	3,296
	90,314	112,932	99,823

6. Property

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Cyclical Maintenance	(5,386)	12,000	8,150
Heat, Light and Water	12,868	11,000	7,751
Rates	3,353	2,524	2,417
Repairs and Maintenance	41,618	33,475	10,959
Use of Land and Buildings	137,403	-	127,023
Employee Benefits - Salaries	26,335	28,800	15,860
Other Property Expenses	2,874	3,250	2,824
Pool	934	-	-
	219,999	91,049	174,984

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Other Expenses

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Transport	90,648	86,478	82,342
	90,648	86,478	82,342

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Bank Accounts	479,651	208,402	471,091
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	479,651	208,402	471,091

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the $479,651 Cash and Cash Equivalents, $3,893 of Revenue Received in Advance is held by the school, as disclosed in note 14.

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9. Accounts Receivable

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Receivables	5,595	95,545	-
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	2,175	-	3,146
Interest Receivable	-	-	1,616
Banking Staffing Underuse	-	-	1,790
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	46,430	-	37,058
	54,200	95,545	43,610
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	5,595	95,545	4,762
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	48,605	-	38,848
	54,200	95,545	43,610

10. Inventories

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Stationery	989	-	847
Uniform	1,524	-	2,727
	2,513	-	3,574

11. Investments

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Current Asset			
Short-term Bank Deposits	101,517	-	13,555
Total Investments	101,517	-	13,555

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12. Property, Plant and Equipment

2024	Opening Balance (NBV) $	Additions $	Disposals $	Impairment $	Depreciation $	Total (NBV) $
Land	10,000	-	-	-	-	**10,000**
Building Improvements	93,479	-	-	-	(2,715)	**90,764**
Furniture and Equipment	72,067	16,771	-	-	(13,589)	**75,249**
Information and Communication Technology	14,138	2,178	-	-	(4,865)	**11,451**
Motor Vehicles	69,245	-	-	-	(19,243)	**50,003**
Leased Assets	9,522	5,224	-	-	(3,895)	**10,851**
Library Resources	790	-	-	-	(101)	**689**
	269,241	24,173	-	-	(44,408)	**249,007**

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is $10,851 (2023: $9,522)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2024 Cost or Valuation $	2024 Accumulated Depreciation $	2024 Net Book Value $	2023 Cost or Valuation $	2023 Accumulated Depreciation $	2023 Net Book Value $
Land	10,000	-	**10,000**	10,000	-	**10,000**
Building Improvements	138,353	(47,589)	**90,764**	138,353	(44,874)	**93,479**
Furniture and Equipment	165,499	(90,250)	**75,249**	148,729	(76,662)	**72,067**
Information and Communication Technology	126,112	(114,661)	**11,451**	123,934	(109,796)	**14,138**
Motor Vehicles	192,427	(142,424)	**50,003**	192,427	(123,182)	**69,245**
Leased Assets	16,671	(5,820)	**10,851**	11,447	(1,925)	**9,522**
Library Resources	805	(116)	**689**	805	(15)	**790**
	649,867	(400,860)	**249,007**	625,695	(356,454)	**269,241**

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13. Accounts Payable

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Creditors	6,116	122,149	11,871
Accruals	8,610	-	18,336
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	46,430	-	37,059
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	2,348	-	1,908
	63,504	122,149	69,174
Payables for Exchange Transactions	63,504	122,149	69,174
	63,504	122,149	69,174

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

14. Revenue Received in Advance

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Hero Income in Advance	-	23,699	6,827
Hero Clearing Account	2,893	-	-
T G Macarthy Trust Grant	1,000	-	-
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	-	-	1,432
	3,893	23,699	8,259

15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Provision at the Start of the Year	32,750	69,020	24,600
Increase to the Provision During the Year	9,047	12,000	8,150
Use of the Provision During the Year	-	-	-
Other Adjustments	3,602	-	-
Provision at the End of the Year	45,399	81,020	32,750
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	-	5,538	-
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	45,399	75,482	32,750
	45,399	81,020	32,750

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule, the School is next expected to undertake painting works during 2026. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan / painting quotes.

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16. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2024 Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023 Actual
	$	$	$
No Later than One Year	4,417	7,479	2,649
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	9,351	8,641	7,141
Future Finance Charges	(1,755)	-	-
	12,013	16,120	9,790
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	3,600	7,479	2,649
Finance lease liability - Non current	8,413	8,641	7,141
	12,013	16,120	9,790

17. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 8, and includes retentions on the projects, if applicable.

2024	Project No.	Opening Balances $	Receipts from MoE $	Payments $	Board Contributions	Closing Balances $
Septic Tank & Water Upgrade	212069	(6,225)	-	4,947	-	(1,278)
Totals		(6,225)	-	4,947	-	(1,278)
Represented by:						
Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education						-
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education						(1,278)

2023	Project No.	Opening Balances $	Receipts from MoE $	Payments $	Board Contributions	Closing Balances $
Septic Tank & Water Upgrade	212069	(56,595)	62,600	(12,229)	-	(6,225)
Totals		(56,595)	62,600	(12,229)	-	(6,225)
Represented by:						
Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education						-
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education						(6,225)

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18. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

19. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation
Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2024 Actual $	2023 Actual $
Board Members		
Remuneration	4,365	2,910
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	171,260	190,995
Full-time equivalent members	2.07	2.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	175,625	193,905

There are 6 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 8 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal 1
The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	2024 Actual $000	2023 Actual $000
Salary and Other Payments	110 - 120	110-120
Benefits and Other Emoluments	3 - 4	0-5
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees
The number of other employees with remuneration greater than $100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration $000	2024 FTE Number	2023 FTE Number
110 - 120	1.00	0.00
	1.00	0.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

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20. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
Total	$0	$0
Number of People	0	0

21. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2024 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2023: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance – Schools Payroll
The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

Pay Equity and Collective Agreement Funding Wash-up
In 2024 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. At the date of signing the financial statements the School's final entitlement for the year ended 31 December 2024 has not yet been advised. The School has therefore not recognised an asset or liability regarding this funding wash-up, which is expected to be settled in July 2025.

22. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2024, the Board had capital commitments of $133,935 (2023: $-155,792) as a result of entering the following contracts:

Contract Name	Remaining Capital Commitment
	$
Septic Tank & Water Upgrade	49,560
LSC New Build	84,375
Total	**133,935**

The Board receives funding from the Ministry of Education for Capital Works which is disclosed in note 17.

(b) Operating Commitments

There are no operating commitments as at 31 December 2024 (Operating commitments at 31 December 2023: nil).

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23. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2024 Actual $	2024 Budget (Unaudited) $	2023 Actual $
Cash and Cash Equivalents	479,651	208,402	471,091
Receivables	54,200	95,545	43,610
Investments - Term Deposits	101,517	-	13,555
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	635,368	303,947	528,256

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Payables	63,504	122,149	69,174
Finance Leases	12,013	16,120	9,790
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	75,517	138,269	78,964

24. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

25. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.

26. Breach of Law - Statutory Reporting

The Board of Trustees has failed to comply with section 137 of the Education and Training Act 2020, as the Board were unable to provide their audited financial statements to the Ministry of Education by 31 May 2025.

Education Services.
Dedicated to your school

Wainuioru School

Members of the Board

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Nathan Williams	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2024
Spencer Pallister	Principal	ex Officio	Jan 2025
Kimberly Hill	Acting Principal	Appointed	Jan 2025
Emma McKinstry	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2024
Melonie Johns	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2024
Richard Wills	Parent Representative	Elected	Nov 2024
Anja Lister	Parent Representative	Elected	Nov 2024
Rebecca Trafford	Staff Representative	Co-opted	Jan 2025

Wainuioru School

Kiwisport

Kiwisport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport. In 2024, the school received total Kiwisport funding of $1,380 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on sporting endeavours.

Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy

For the year ended 31st December 2024 the Wainuioru School Board:

- Has developed and implemented personnel policies, within policy and procedural frameworks to ensure the fair and proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment.
- Has reviewed its compliance against both its personnel policy and procedures and can report that it meets all requirements and identified best practice.
- Is a good employer and complies with the conditions contained in the employment contracts of all staff employed by the Board.
- Ensures all employees and applicants for employment are treated according to their skills, qualifications and abilities, without bias or discrimination.
- Meets all Equal Employment Opportunities requirements.

BDO Wellington Audit Limited

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE READERS OF WAINUIORU SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Wainuioru School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Brooke Rodriguez, using the staff and resources of BDO Wellington Audit Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 20, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
  - its financial position as at *31 December 2024* and
  - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with PBE Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 19 September 2025. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities arise from section 134 of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.

- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the school payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises Members of the Board, Kiwisport/Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy, Statement of Variance, Evaluation of Schools Student Progress and Achievement and Report on how the School has given effect to Te Tiriti O Waitangi, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

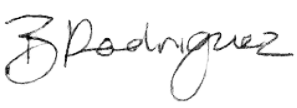
Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand) (PES 1)*issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with, or interests in, the School.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the School for the year ended 31 December 2023 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on 5 August 2025.



Brooke Rodriguez
BDO WELLINGTON AUDIT LIMITED
On behalf of the Auditor-General
Wellington, New Zealand